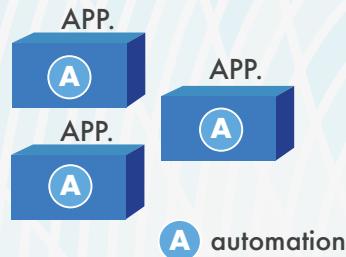


Robotic Process AUTOMATION

What are the key differences between the various types of process automation? Below is an overview of the different types of process automation and how RPA differs.

AUTOMATION INTEGRATED INTO CORE SYSTEMS



HOW DOES IT WORK?

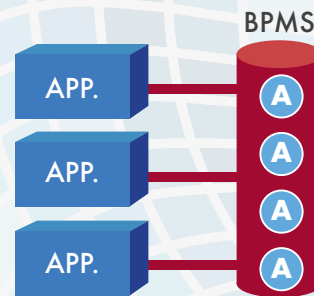
- Single process automation capabilities are hard-coded into the application
- Some applications can connect to others via pre-defined interfaces

KEY ELEMENTS

- Automation across multiple systems is not possible

THINGS TO CONSIDER

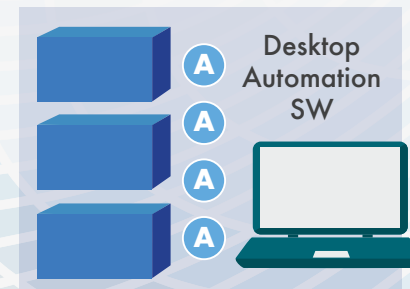
ELECTRONIC WORKFLOW AND BUSINESS PROCESS MANAGEMENT



- A separate BPM solution is connected to all other applications via standard interfaces & delegates execution of processes across systems
- Electronic work flow able to push tasks between systems or inform a person who needs to intervene

- Complex solutions that require a very significant investments to deploy
- Might be sensitive to changes in the systems / data transfer formats

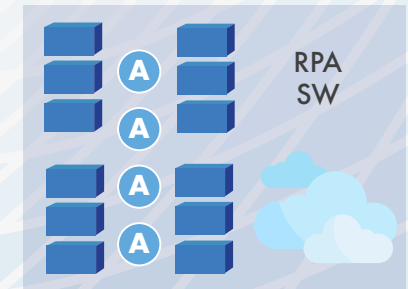
DESKTOP AUTOMATION



- Automation that is possible within one laptop/desktop that uses software to repeat human tasks across various systems
- Software is located locally on a desktop/laptop
- Desktop automation is a subset of RPA solutions

- Automation only within local applications (on one machine)
- Works with existing systems/low cost
- Easy to deploy but can have challenges in control & release management

ROBOTIC PROCESS AUTOMATION (RPA)



- RPA software executes tasks & activities performed by humans seamlessly across various applications & systems
- RPA Software is located in the cloud or dedicated servers within the organization & can automate tasks on machines remotely

- Seamless automation
- Much lower investment than BPM solutions
- Can work with existing systems
- Can operate 24x7x365